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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/024,537	12/21/2001		Chitta Ranjan Patra	4062-12	2121	
7	7590 04/13/2004			EXAMINER		
NIXON & CA	ANDER	HYE P.C.	DANG, THUAN D			
1100 North Gl	ebe Road		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Arlington, VA	22201-	4714	1764			

DATE MAILED: 04/13/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary			10/024,53	7	PATRA ET AL.			
			Examiner		Art Unit			
			Thuan D. D	ang	1764			
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this commu Reply	nication app	ears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	idress		
THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD IN AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNISHED STATUTORY PERIOD IN AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNISH (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty (period for reply is specified above, the maximum is to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. us of 37 CFR 1.13 umunication. (30) days, a reply statutory period w ly will, by statute,	36(a). In no ever within the statul will apply and will cause the applic	nt, however, may a reply be time ory minimum of thirty (30) day expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the catter of the catte	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on 10 Ar	oril 2004.					
·	∑ This action is FINAL. 2b)  This action is non-final.							
3)□ :	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositio	on of Claims							
5) □ (6) □ (6) □ (7) □ (8) □ (6) □ (7) □		are withdraw	vn from con					
. —	he specification is objected to by the			7	_			
-	he drawing(s) filed on is/are	•						
	Applicant may not request that any objects			•		ED 4 404(4)		
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) includin The oath or declaration is objected t	_	•	-,,		• •		
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority  2. Certified copies of the priority  3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internationse the attached detailed Office actions	y documents y documents s of the prior onal Bureau	s have been s have been ity documen ı (PCT Rule	received. received in Applications have been received 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage		
Attachment(								
	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (	PTO-0481		<ol> <li>Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da</li> </ol>				
3) X Inform	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/L9/04</u> & 12/03	or PTO/SB/08)		5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		O-152)		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Objections

Claims 1-18 are objected to because of the following informalities: on the line next to the last line of claim 1, "So Al" should be corrected. Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

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invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Steigelmann et al (5,118,896).

Steigelmann discloses a process of alkylating an aromatic such as xylene(s) with an alkylating agents such as propylene in the presence of a zeolitic catalysts, preferably, stable Y and Beta under applicants' claimed condition of temperature, WHSV, and molar ratio of reactants (the abstract; col. 4, lines 40 thru col. 5, line 11; col. 6, lie 27-48; col. 7, lines 3-17).

Steigelmann appears not to disclose (1) the ratio of Si and Al of the zeolite, (2) that the products is formed in vapor phase which is condensed to separate out at a low temperature of 0 to 3 degree Celsius, and (3) that the catalyst is an acid zeolite catalyst (see the entire patent for details).

However, Steigelmann discloses that the ratio of Si and Al can vary depending on the structure (col. 4, lines 36-37).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Steigelmann process by selecting an appropriate ratio of AL/Si of the zeolite according to its structure since it is expected that using zeolites having any ratio of Al and Si would yield similar results.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Steigelmann process by selecting appropriate separation methods to separate the gaseous product such as condensation depending on the phase and physical properties of the feed

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It is expected that the catalyst of Steigelmann is acidic since the Steigelmann's catalyst is also Beta and Y zeolite.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2/13/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive

The argument that the field of catalyst is unpredictable and variations in the Si content is z zeolite catalyst can also effect the performance of the same catalyst in a particular process is correct. Therefore, one having ordinary skill in the art who operates the Steigelmann process would select a zeolite beta or Y having an appropriate ratio of silicon and aluminum to optimize the Steigelmann process since Steigelmann discloses that the ratio of the Si and Al can vary depending on the structure. Further, applicants do not show or disclose the claimed range of the Al and Si is critical.

The argument that Steigelmann provide no guidance towards variation in the Si to Al ratios being a parameter effective to ensure alkylation of all xylene isomers is not persuasive since as discussed above, applicants do not show or disclose the claimed range of the Al and Si is critical.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thuan D. Dang whose telephone number is 571-272-1445. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on 571-272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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